

THE GLEICHEN CALL

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GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 14, 1938

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REPORT OF LAST MEETING OF TOWN COUNCIL

On Monday evening the town council held a regular meeting in the town office. Mayor Purcell and Councilors McDonald, Michael, Mead and Dashew were present.

The first item of business that came up was a bill of material for papering a house. The bill was \$10.00. The town was collecting the rents from the property it was requested that the amount be paid out of rents from that. The meeting decided to do that.

The matter of assessment of north half 21-22-33 since 1935 was discussed at the last meeting and a report was to be brought in at this meeting. The report found that a letter had been forwarded to the assessor by the town visiting that it was the intention of the town to adopt the assessment as finally fixed by the Alberta Assessment Commission. This assessment, however, had been set aside indefinitely and the assessment as then made was ordered to stand.

An application to purchase lots 1 to 4 in Block E had been received and a previous assessment required. The amount owing the land was worth \$20 and \$10 cash only. A boy's law regarding these lots was then read and passed. An application for water and sewer connection in Block seven had been received and the application was accepted and the party can now come neck up forthwith.

Three applications had been received for consolidation of taxes under the 1933 Act. One application had been made. The application was granted subject to the provisions of the act. An application for an increased pension from \$10 to \$12 per month had been made. The council voted in favor of the increase of \$6 per month.

An application to purchase the buildings formerly occupied by H. S. Boyd was received. The amount of the bill was \$100 for the buildings and attachments. The buildings were taken down and moved away. This brought up a general discussion and finally it was moved by Councilor Michael that the price be set on the buildings at \$100 and for the buildings and furnace \$125 to be sold for cash only.

A resolution was made for permission to dig a border around the portion of the cemetery which he been marked out. The buildings are planted trees and shrubs in the spring. The buildings were to be length and it was decided that it was too late this year to consider the request, but the master could be taken up again in the spring and some plans drawn up as to what could be done.

A letter had been received from J. Boyd in connection with the disposal of waste water which was overflowing from the waste pipe in the Wall estate home. The waste water was causing considerable damage to affairs. Bill for labor amounting to \$10 and material \$3.25 had been incurred, and as the town was collecting the bill from the owner, Mr. Boyd requested that the town take care of these expenditures out of the revenue from rents as there are no other funds available for this purpose. The council ordered the account paid.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT

By H. G. L. Strange, Director of "Crop Testing Plan."

"There are so many classes and grades of seed. What is really the best to buy?"—a farmer friend asks.

There are three main classes of seed, with No. 1, 2 and 3 grades with in each class.

(A) General Seeds of Commerce. Which require a Control Sample Certificate, stating that the seeds are up to certain commercial standards, and that they contain not more weed seeds, nor seeds of other kinds of grain, than the seeds act permits.

(B) Certified Seed. Which is the same kind of material as (A) excepting that it is a little purer in each grade, and also that the stocks are certified to be true to a high standard

Grain Pouring Into Elevators

By noon today about 100,000 bushels of this season's wheat had been received by the three local elevators. Grain had been arriving in town at the rate of about 9,000 bushels a day and each elevator appears to be getting their share. Practically all of the wheat is grading No. 1 Northern. Just now the rush of wheat to the elevators is about at its peak and as a consequence the elevator men are working long hours. These gentlemen open their doors for business between 6 and 6:30 a.m. and remain on the job until after 10 p.m. and midnight. They hardly have time to eat, most of their meals being brought to them, and while they eat with one hand they operate the scales with the other. One elevator agent reports that he was called from his slumbers shortly after 4 a.m. to take in wheat and being an obliging individual he did so. He says he did not say very much but he certainly did a lot of thinking of the unprofitableness of some truck drivers.

Harvesting was delayed for about three days last week when showers fell most of Thursday and again Friday evening, but by Sunday a number of farmers who had not finished cutting started again likewise some of the threshing crews got busy. A number of areas that were irrigated last fall, and again during the summer have not yet been cut being a little green, but it is expected will be ready for the binder in a few days. Some farms report barging complete for sometime and others state threshing is a thing of the past while a large number are doing straight combining as the weather this fall has been very favorable. But there are a large number who still prefer the old method of binding and stockpiling their wheat. Meantime the hum of the threshing machine is heard throughout the country side.

PROVINCIAL CROP REPORT

This is the concluding agricultural report for the season issued by the Alberta Department of Agriculture under the direction of the Hon. D. R. McLean, Minister of Agriculture. A crop director states that cutting and threshing is in full swing with least harvesting being done in the Edison area, where crops are later this season than the average for the province.

The irrigated sections of the province have prospects of exemption yields in all crops, with Cardston district reported average to 10 bushels per acre, and in the very low areas, 6 bushels.

Threshing of peas is now in progress and that heavy yields are being obtained is reported. The sugar beet crop is excellent and has a high sugar content.

The reports from all districts would indicate that the first threshing returns heavier than was expected earlier in the season, and that wheat is grading one or two Northern wheats.

Three men reporting on areas comprising several million acres, indicate an average of 18.1 bushels per acre. This does not include any of the premium wheat areas.

It is expected a yield of 9 bushels per acre will be harvested.

Rain during the early part of August has caused second growth in most of the grain areas, as a result, yields will be of higher quality, val-

ue and greener and will be plentiful.

Abundant forage crops have been harvested and rain disrupted some of the marketing it is expected that

when the market is re-opened ranchers and stockmen will be finding large herds of feeder and stocker cattle.

The southern part of the province has experienced damage from Wheat Stem Sawfly. Great damage has been done to the wheat in the field and stock. Rust has been noted over a large area of the province than is usual yet little damage has resulted since the wheat crops have been well matured to cause reduced yields.

of excellence to one specified variety.

The Registered Crop Testing Plan which is the "Crop Testing Plan" (B) exceeding what it is even purer, and is true-to-variety to a still higher standard of excellence even than certified seed.

The young people of Gleichen's most ancient and historic buildings was burned to the ground. The building was erected in 1882 by the C.P.R. and was Gleichen's first station. In the early days all meetings were held in this building.

UNITED CHURCH

Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, Minister.
11 a.m. Church School,
7:30 p.m. public worship.

The evening service will be rather unique in that a group of young people from the Young People's Union of Calgary will be in charge of the whole service. These young people are

ALBERTA SPORTSMEN MADE GOAT RE OPENING DATE

With the announcement of the completion of migratory bird seasons for the nine provinces in the Dominion it appears to the Alberta spontaneous conservation game officials have been received by the United States hunters who advocate shorter seasons in Canada to save the game for our southern neighbors. The only other province in Canada falling for the same reason is Saskatchewan.

Alberta Pool Elevators

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THE GLEICHEN CALL, GLEICHEN, ALBERTA

A Visit Of Significance

While the distinguished visitor had little to say publicly as to the purpose of his visit and nothing of what the outcome might portend, the surprise visit of Marshall Sir Edward Ellington of London, England, an emissary of the Royal Air Force, to the Turner Valley oil field in Alberta recently may have results of far-reaching importance, not only to the producers of oil but also to the entire Western world.

If representations made to Sir Edward by Turner Valley producers of crude oil come to fruition, the time is perhaps not far distant when highly refined gasoline suitable for the exacting purposes of aviation may be shipped to Great Britain and used in combatant quantities, as well as the Royal Air Force as consumer and consignee. This, at any rate, is the hope of producers who are of the opinion that Alberta crude, when properly processed, is eminently suitable for such a purpose because of its high octane content, an opinion which was endorsed by Sir Edward himself.

If the claims of the producers as to suitability of the product can be substantiated, it is only a matter of time or of the British authorities if it is within the realm of possibility that a new market for what is now a surplus commodity will be opened up as a result of Sir Edward Ellington's visit and investigations.

No So Very Surprising

Although Sir Edward's visit was a surprise to the extent that presumably no one in the prairie provinces had any advance intimation of it, it is not after all very surprising that the British authorities should by this time be taking some cognizance of, and interest in, the output and potentialities of the Canadian oil fields.

As a producer of crude of high quality with great potential capacity, the Turner Valley field is no longer in the experimental stage. Sufficient of its output has been marketed and sufficient tests have been made to demonstrate beyond any doubt that it is a reservoir of great extent and great capacity; the claim has been made and is not contradicted that it is one of the most important oil fields in the largest oil producing area of the world.

Under these circumstances and with the consumption of gasoline by the Royal Air Force growing by leaps and bounds as Britain strengthens her aerial arm of defence against aggression from outside with the greatest possible speed, it would not occur to any great power if those in charge of the military services were to consider the field of oil magnitude in their search for all available supplies of a commodity for which there is an increasing demand in times of peace and of which ample and safe supplies in the event of war, would be a vital necessity.

Would Solve Problems

It is certain that if control could be entered into with the British government, or some concern acting on behalf of the British government, for the supply of substantial quantities of either the crude oil or the refined product from the Turner Valley field, it will go some way towards solving the present vexed question of the availability of oil.

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Both From Same Ship

Bell Struck Twice When Bar Of Gold Recovered

At a recent meeting of miners ten on a recent British mail steamer, the "Leda" at Lloyd's was struck twice; and in the sudden silence the Caller announced that a bar of gold had been recovered from the Leda.

Bar of gold both came from the same ship. That, it is true, is only a coincidence; but it adds to the thrill of a moment which even purists might be inclined to call dramatic.

The first bar was recovered in 1859; and for nearly sixty years it has hung in the centre of the Underwriting Room at Lloyd's, where it is struck to silence for alarm and twice for good.

The bar was recovered on Friday. But the bell had been at the bottom of the sea for 60 years. When it was recovered, the miners had been at the bottom of the sea for one hundred and thirty-nine years before the bell was struck to announce its recovery.

They ALL ADVERTISE By Ellis Hayes

A hen is not supposed to have much common sense or tact, yet she has known how to egg her chicks forth for many years.

An ostrich hasn't got a lot of intellect to show.

Enough good sense to crow.

The mule, the most despised beast, has a perfect right to be called "perfect boy."

One of the few honest monkeys keeps his arum by his instant brain.

The hump little beast, the gander, has a good nose.

The watchdog bark, the ganders, and the monkeys coo.

The peacock spreads his tail and squawks.

Pigs squeal, and, when they know it, hiss before they sting.

But man, the greatest masterpiece, will stop, stand and BELLOW BEFORE HE ADVERTISE.

Meat Cost Plenty

Wealthy Man Flew 600 Miles To Get What He Wanted

Walker P. Inman, wealthy sportsman, who is a member of the United States shooting team, proposed there for real control of revolvers and pistols arouses resentment and strong opposition. In most States it is lawful for men to carry revolvers, and a common practice—Ottawa Journal.

Heating Power Of Sun

The sun exerts tremendous heating power on the earth. One acre of the earth's surface receives enough heat in one hour to melt 250 tons of the best anthracite coal in a three-month period. No less than seven tons of sunlight fall on the earth every hour at a speed of 186,000 miles per second.

May Not Pass Test

Inventor Of Ice Cream Vegetables Thinks He Has Something Good. Paul Wissner of Irvington, New Jersey, insists his invention is ice cream, but whether the public will say it's spinach and the heck with it remains to be tested. Wenger, an ice cream maker, announced his invention of vegetables in various flavor, including Lima bean, green pea and spinach, will follow soon.

Because they gave bread to the starving mob at Versailles on Oct. 6, 1789, Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, of France, were popularly named "The Baker" and "The Baker's Wife."

"HOOK UP WITH OGDEN'S"



Get a line on this mild, mellow cigarette tobacco and you'll land a lot of extra satisfaction in rolling your own. No need to fish around for a pipe or a cigarette holder. There is none. Ogden's rolls them richer, cooler and smoother every time. And the price is right. Look for the paper—"Chandler" or "Vogue".



Both From Same Ship

Bell Struck Twice When Bar Of Gold Recovered

At a recent meeting of miners ten on a recent British mail steamer, the "Leda" at Lloyd's was struck twice; and in the sudden silence the Caller announced that a bar of gold had been recovered from the Leda.

Bar of gold both came from the same ship. That, it is true, is only a coincidence; but it adds to the thrill of a moment which even purists might be inclined to call dramatic.

The first bar was recovered in 1859; and for nearly sixty years it has hung in the centre of the Underwriting Room at Lloyd's, where it is struck to silence for alarm and twice for good.

The bar was recovered on Friday. But the bell had been at the bottom of the sea for 60 years. When it was recovered, the miners had been at the bottom of the sea for one hundred and thirty-nine years before the bell was struck to announce its recovery.

They ALL ADVERTISE By Ellis Hayes

A hen is not supposed to have much common sense or tact, yet she has known how to egg her chicks forth for many years.

An ostrich hasn't got a lot of intellect to show.

Enough good sense to crow.

The mule, the most despised beast, has a perfect right to be called "perfect boy."

One of the few honest monkeys keeps his arum by his instant brain.

The hump little beast, the gander, has a good nose.

The watchdog bark, the ganders, and the monkeys coo.

The peacock spreads his tail and squawks.

Pigs squeal, and, when they know it, hiss before they sting.

But man, the greatest masterpiece, will stop, stand and BELLOW BEFORE HE ADVERTISE.

Meat Cost Plenty

Wealthy Man Flew 600 Miles To Get What He Wanted

Walker P. Inman, wealthy sportsman, who is a member of the United States shooting team, proposed there for real control of revolvers and pistols arouses resentment and strong opposition. In most States it is lawful for men to carry revolvers, and a common practice—Ottawa Journal.

Heating Power Of Sun

The sun exerts tremendous heating power on the earth. One acre of the earth's surface receives enough heat in one hour to melt 250 tons of the best anthracite coal in a three-month period. No less than seven tons of sunlight fall on the earth every hour at a speed of 186,000 miles per second.

May Not Pass Test

Inventor Of Ice Cream Vegetables Thinks He Has Something Good. Paul Wissner of Irvington, New Jersey, insists his invention is ice cream, but whether the public will say it's spinach and the heck with it remains to be tested. Wenger, an ice cream maker, announced his invention of vegetables in various flavor, including Lima bean, green pea and spinach, will follow soon.

Because they gave bread to the starving mob at Versailles on Oct. 6, 1789, Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, of France, were popularly named "The Baker" and "The Baker's Wife."

Growing In Importance

Turkey, King Of Cities, Or Impending King Of Cities?

Turkey has become a vital factor in Europe's negotiations for peace and preparations for possible war. Turkey's link of Europe with the old Ottoman Empire was known to be the centre of an imposing ring of alliances and, spending 60 per cent of income on rearmament, is sick no more.

Turkey has defensive alliances and non-aggression pacts extending from Mid-Asia to Mid-Europe, many arranged by Kemal Ataturk, dictator-president since 1923.

With Turkey as leader, the well-established states of the Balkan Entente—Yugoslavia, Greece, Rumania and Turkey—and Bulgaria, which is again on friendly terms with its past, will put 10,000,000 soldiers in the field.

For many years Turkey has had a friendship alliance with Soviet Russia and she is a signatory of the Saadabad pact with Iraq, Iran and Afghanistan.

Increasing importance is her cordial relations with Great Britain and France, the powerful dominions of western Europe, in contrast with her pre-war alliance with Imperial Germany.

Turkey recently granted Turkey £16,000,000 (\$80,000,000) in a loan and credits of which £6,000,000 (\$30,000,000) probably will be used for munitions and warships.

Concessions from France in the solution of the Sanjak (state) of Alexandretta question brought her into the war, but Turkey has been able to remain invulnerable.

Some of the British credit, Turkey expects to use to buy heavy tanks and other equipment for the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus, which she is rapidly fortifying in order to make those vital passages between the Black Sea and the Mediterranean invulnerable.

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Even greater value for the lamp was seen in photo-engraving processes used by General Electric engineers said, the machines are very valuable.

This steadiness makes possible engraving with an almost perfect screen, each dot of which when viewed under the microscope appears astoundingly clear cut."

Midget Sun Is Powerful

Electric Light So Hot It Has To Be Water-Cooled

A brilliant electric light, as bright as the sun, one-fifth as large as the real sun, shines through a miniature Niagara Falls, has been developed.

The light bulb is no bigger than a pin-head but it is so hot it would destroy itself were it not constantly cooled by a waterfall which pours three quarts of water over it every minute.

The "sun" and the "Niagara" together are small enough to be housed in a glass tube the size of a shotgun cartridge.

The lamp was developed in the General Electric Company Laboratories at Nela Park, Cleveland, produces 1,000 watts from a mercury arc. It consists of two glass tubes, one within the other, separated by a thin film of quartz. Within is the midget sun—a globe of mercury and a trace of argon gas. Between this quartz tube, above, as big as a cigarette, and the outer glass case flows the waterfall.

Although the water absorbs 90 per cent of the heat generated, it allows virtually all the ultra-violet rays of the light to pass through the glass, but the new lamp promises therapeutic possibilities.

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SELECTED RECIPES

MUFFINS

$\frac{1}{2}$ cup pastry flour
1 cup salt, Lawrence or Durham Corn Starch

3½ cups baking powder
½ teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons sugar
1 egg
3 tablespoons melted butter

All-purpose flour ingredients: Add to beaten egg: Make a well in the flour and pour in liquids. Combine well.

Finely. Pour into well buttered muffin tins. Bake at 350 to 375 degrees for 20 to 25 minutes. For variety add $\frac{1}{2}$ cup chopped bacon or $\frac{1}{2}$ cup grated cheese with a little spice if liked, or blueberries.

RAISIN DE LUXE PIE

$\frac{1}{2}$ cups milk
 $\frac{1}{2}$ cup brown sugar
1 cup salt, Lawrence or Durham Corn Starch

2 eggs
½ cup butter or bacon fat
1 cup seedless raisins

Set 2 cups milk in double boiler. Mix sugar with corn starch, moisten with bacon fat and pour into milk. Stir constantly until thick and smooth. Add raisins, stir well. Remove from heat, add vanilla and pour into a baked pie shell. Sprinkle with meringue and bake about 15 minutes in a moderate oven (350 deg. F.).

Alaska Uses Bread

Practical use of frozen bread is reported from Fairbanks, Alaska. Freshly-baked bread is quickly-frozen at 20 degrees F., and is then packed in trays or cartons to retail stores who store it in quick-freeze condition until the consumer requires it to be defrosted.

According to a report in May, the delay in arrival of the rainy season was a necessity at the report that Japan was building 45,000-ton battleships, but fear on this head seems to have vanished since Britain and the United States decided to compete in the night in this class if they wished.

There could only be one end to such a competition, for the cost of 45,000-ton baby ships must be much more than \$18,000,000 and makes such luxuries at such a price.—Toronto Telegram.

Once you sweeten your morning cereal with BEE HIVE Syrup you'll know how good cereal can taste.

TRY IT TOMORROW

BRAZILIAN BROWN STRAWBERRY

Britain Has Long Purse

In Building Armaments She Could Outstrip Any Nation

Great Britain has to-day reason to be thankful that many years ago she pulled herself out of the depression and set her economic house in order, for without such a development great assurance that she can maintain all rights in the armaments race.

In the House of Commons recently, Sir John Simon gave some figures to show what expenditure on armaments is likely to be required today. It is nearly twice as big and costs four times as much as that of 1912. The cruiser also costs four times as much as the battleship. The present cost of 28,000 men on a 12,250-ton battleship is over 35,000-ton cruisers cost the staggering sum of \$8,000,000. Aeroplanes also are far more expensive than the best machine used in the last war. The increase in cost is not only due to the cost of materials, but as all fighting weapons are more complicated and every additional complication adds a few pennies to the cost.

It need not be long to stand such a position, and Britain has the longest purse in Europe. When the figures of German air expansion are guessed, and the estimate appears terrifying, it is to be remembered that such a nation, though it has come up indefinitely and that, given a period of peace, the country with the largest resources is the country that will win.

A few years ago there was a need to arm the navy, and Britain was the first to do so. A few years ago there was a need to arm the army, and Britain was the first to do so. A few years ago there was a need to arm the air force, and Britain was the first to do so.

And, rather than wait for the right time to compete in the class if they wished. There could only be one end to such a competition, for the cost of 45,000-ton baby ships must be much more than \$18,000,000 and makes such luxuries at such a price.—Toronto Telegram.

Exhibits From Canada

Attracted Much Attention At Agricultural Show In Wales

Canadian fox farms, a wide range of Canadian agricultural machinery, Canadian sheep, cattle, feed, grinders and Canadian barn equipment attracted much attention at the recent annual show of the Royal Agricultural Society of Great Britain, at Cardiff, Wales.

Sixty-eight exhibits from Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa attended the exhibition.

The Statue of Liberty cost \$700,000, which is being repaired at a cost of \$170,000. That's what makes antiquities valuable.

Jellyfish Contain Between 90 and 98 Per Cent Water.

The Duke of Devonshire was once asked why he insisted on having dried third class sandwiches. He was reputed to be such a rich man, as well as being the so-called "cream" of British nobility.

"Because there happens to be no fourth," was the swift reply.

Quick Service Record

A new record was set up through the Royal Visit to France. The Queen and Prince Philip arrived in Paris on June 1st, 1953, and were received by the President of the Republic, General de Gaulle, in the Elysee Palace.

Her Majesty telephoned every morning to the Princess before official ceremonies began and there was every effort to put the call through swiftly.

Pittsburgh gasoline service station has taken on some girl attendants. The proprietor says the idea will spread, but that depends on the number of smiles to the gallon.

Mussolini has ordered all government civil servants to employ women for the first time in working hours.

OVERHEARD AT THE BRIDGE PARTY....

I WRAP ALL MY LEFT-OVERS IN PARA-SANI

...IT KEEPS THEM SO FRESH... I NEVER WASTE A THING!

Made in Canada Heavy Waxed Paper

Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper

Appleford Paper Products Ltd.

WAREHOUSES AT

WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

POOR MAN'S GOLD

COURTNEY RYLEY COOPER

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CHAPTER III.—Continued

They were sharing the more populous regions of the camp. Hammond turned to her.

"Let's be frank. Terry. Want me to get you past Sergeant Yarrow. Is that it?"

"That was in my mind."

"In other words, take that extra dog team of mine, and the supplies I had intended to leave behind, and say they're your own?"

"I was just thinking about it. Ask you to let me present to the sergeant that these things were mine, drive them through and then turn them back to you."

"After all, I asked him—"

"I spent almost my whole life in the North—until a short time ago. If the world has to come to an end—"

Sue hesitated, as though she had said too much. Hammond was silent.

The two weeks in the York of the sky, one led to Hammond's tent. "Good night," she said.

A sudden wave of impulsive shot through Hammond. His mittened hands touched her shoulder.

"You've given me an idea," he announced.

"Get up early tomorrow. I'll have the dogs and that sled full of stuff at the restaurant a little before daylight."

In the dark, with her grasp of gratitude faintly following him. The next morning, in the dull gray of a snow-clouded dawn, Hammond walked to the all-but-abandoned camp with Sergeant Terry. The sled was packed, the team after team of dogs, squatted in their harnesses, were spotted about the lake, the upper reaches of which had led to the valley of the Canadian. There was shouting and hurried preparations.

"I see that girl's supplies came in all right last night," the sergeant said.

"Oh, yes?" Hammond's voice was calm.

"Nice hitch of dogs she's got."

The sergeant grimed broadly. "Well, I guess if I owned a river bed full of gold, I'd be doing the same fool things myself." Dismissing the subject, he shouted, "Hey, Annie, all set?"

More and more—and women—with pack sacks, more dog teams, more sleds, more men, more horses on the lake, until the foreground was black with humans. Hammond involuntarily looked about for Jeannie Towers. She was there, and the man saw from the way she handled her sled that she had told him no falsehood.

At last the sergeant raised his gun. The barking reverberation of the long-barreled revolver broke crisply against the sharp morning air.

A click came from the gun's throat, to be taken up by other men and punctuated by the high cries of women. A trapper remembered that he too had a gun and fired it into the air. Another followed, and others joined him; the cries and shouts and booming of firearms rose to a thundering peak. Then as quickly came dead silence, as if these people had been stricken gaunt, cruelly before them. Hammond's voice sounded crisp.

"All right, string out! Slip into the trail and start mushing. Don't try to rush; you'll be a long time getting there."

One driver yoked to his dogs. One by one, others followed. What had been an indiscriminate mass of cheer-

For Your Preserving



Use It This Year

ing humans became a long, black, crawling line. It twisted across the lake, written into the water by the dogs, which had leaped and crawled laboriously toward the first of nearly two hundred miles of mountains, of plateaus and valleys and lakes and icy streams along the ground.

Two weeks later, men still at it, moving more slowly now along an agonizing journey, broken often by slides of loosened snow in the narrow valleys, where hills had precipitated, where the willows thick and tangled, blocked progress until a trail could be cut through.

Everyone was tired—especially Hammond, who had to make the line of march from end to end of the other. It was hard going to-day, a chinook had been blowing.

"Here, take this stick," he called as he passed Jeannie Towers. "Use it to keep your snowshoes clear."

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particles, eyes like balls of blood from snow burst.

"How we ever keep in line and stay we nooccasian?" he queried. "Keep 'em on, I suppose, and get frostbite!"

"We'll make stops for that." The first slush of snow had begun to drift down over the high reaches and stay together."

The flakes had become thicker now; like a sticky white shield. All in an instant, the mountains began to shake.

"Stay together!" he shouted, as he worked back along the line. "Stay together!"

They had had enough. To a walk, and hurry, and move well with the wind, and hurry snowshoes. Jack made the end of the line, heard his caution, and hearing it echoed by the many experienced ones of the long segments of line behind, he saw the snowshoes, as sticks rapped against snow-gummed webs was general now. The world had become a fog of white. Once Hammond started forward carrying at the head of a long line of lagged beside the trail. With some surprise, he saw it was Jeannie Towers.

"What's wrong?" he queried breathlessly.

"My lead dog broke his trace. I think I've got it fixed."

Hammond examined the harness. "Looks all right," he decided.

"We're going to camp as soon as we get to the hotel," he said. "And then how far?" asked Jeannie. Hammond had heard that query a hundred times in the last few days.

"Our place well over the worst of it."

"We'll have a tough time for awhile after we get out of this lake country—have to hit for the plateau—the winds are pretty bad today—but we'll drop down to the lakeside river—nothing should be fairly easy after that."

"How fast?" the girl asked again.

"Sixty miles. A man could make it in two days with a fresh team."

Hammond sat on toward the head of the line.

"When do we get to the end of this lake?" shouted the lead musher.

A note of panic was in his voice. Hammond responded swiftly, glancing over the line.

"Oson!" he shouted. "Take the lead here and hold it. When you hit the shore line, go into camp."

"Ay!" came the answer. Olson had been a good musher, steady and quick. At last he reached the side of the leader and strode beside him, staring back into the snow.

"Somebody's missing," he told Olson. "I'll try to find 'em." He was not back by the time the camp was started out a gang to look for him.

(To Be Continued)

Not Often Seen

The tiny crown of Hungary was expected to make a public visit to Canada to do so in Budapest in honor of services held to mark the 100th anniversary of the death of St. Stephen, first king of Hungary. The crown was put on view in the white marble hall of the royal palace in Buda, on the right bank of the Danube.

A source of poultry food is derived from the flesh of sharks.

The high crown of Hungary was

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A source of poultry food is derived from the flesh of sharks.

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Line Elevator Companies and the Wheat Board

Attention has been drawn to statements suggesting that Line Elevator Companies opposed the establishment of the Wheat Board and took no part in the advancement of the farmers' case before the Surgeon Commission. These and similar suggestions are false.

The solution of the wheat question requires the co-operation and good will of all those interested in the welfare of Western agriculture.

The 1938 Wheat Board was established because conditions in the international wheat situation demanded it, because that fact was recognized by the Government, and, not least, because all thoughtful Westerners and Western organizations, including the Line Elevator Companies, strongly supported it.

Realizing that union and disension amongst all those interested in the progress of Western agriculture and the honest facing of common problems are more than ever necessary and that the greatest disservice that any organization or individual can do in these present difficult times is to spread falsehoods, innuendoes or half-truths, the Line Elevator Companies feel it necessary to draw your attention to

The Following Facts:

Before the Surgeon Commission:

1. On the Opening Day, Counsel for the Line Elevator Companies was the first to address the Commission. He analyzed the burdens upon Western farmers. He referred to tariffs, interest rate, the cost of things farmers buy, transportation costs, etc. He said:

(a) "It may be stated that the farmer suffers from a double handicap of buying his goods at costs which are enhanced by a closed market in selling his product on a market in which tariffs and embargoes have been raised against him."

(b) "No one wishes, least of all those whose welfare is his welfare, to leave the farmer the victim of conditions which he did nothing to create."

(c) "At this point I may state that my clients, who are heavily invested, may move for a relief of the farmers' burdens and for the granting of support, as long as any condition, either national or international, external or internal, render such support necessary for the maintenance of adequate living standards for farmers and their families."

The 1938 Wheat Board

In 1938 the Line Elevator Companies advocated and supported a Wheat Board and the highest possible minimum price. Oral representations to the Dominion Government were supported by the following letter sent on July 20th, 1938, to the Dominion Cabinet and the Chairman of the Wheat Board:

"We understand from recent Press reports that the minimum price for the current crop year for wheat will be determined and announced by your Board, and the Government placed in evidence before the recent Royal Grain Enquiry Commission, the following:

"Volume 1, page 30. 'At this point I may state that my clients entreats wholeheartedly any movement for the relief of the farmers' burdens and for the granting of support as long as any condition, either national or international, external or internal, render such relief and that support necessary for the maintenance of adequate living standards for farmers and their families.'

"Again, Volume 1, 2, 'If the deliberations of this Commission are to have the constructive effect which it is desired we believe that it should consider the economic position of the farmer in the national household. In any enquiry directed towards these ends and in any movement to ameliorate this position I am instructed to state that my clients will wholeheartedly join.' Bearing in

2. At Calgary. Exhaustive evidence was offered of the increased costs of things which farmers buy. In answer to Mr. Justice Surgeon, Counsel for the Line Elevators, said:

"I want to say, quite firmly, my Lord, that the elevator companies do not oppose the establishment of a Wheat Board. Rather, we are all in favor of anything that will give the farmer the necessary protection. As I indicated towards this Commission is that we would like to join with everybody else in searching for the best remedy for the ills of the farmers."

3. In the formal written argument submitted on behalf of the Line Elevator Companies—Counsel said:

"It is submitted that a wheat board organization should be retained and made available for the guarantee of price in case the prevailing world price declines below a fixed figure set to assure the grower the highest minimum price possible for his product."

er than the cost of the same articles for the year 1913. The average price for No. 1 Northern wheat in store Fort Williams for the year 1913 was 88¢. The minimum under which we believe our clients are laboring is set at 70¢ in the evidence adduced on our behalf by Mr. W. Brockington, K.C., Volume 1, pages 16, through 26, of the evidence of the recent Royal Grain Enquiry Commission. It is the hope of this Association that the Government will consider the highest possible minimum price consistent with the welfare of the Dominion of Canada.—Signed, C. E. Hayes, President.

Mind the welfare of the producers, may we respectfully urge that your Board and Government give consideration to the relationship between the requirements of the market price of wheat. We understand that recent statistics released by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics covering food, rent, clothing and sundries show that the average cost of these items for the year 1937 to be 31 per cent higher after the price was set, in a newspaper interview with Mr. Hayes said:

"The members of the south-West Grain Dealers' Association are pleased to note that the Dominion Government has recognized the principle that, in the face of adverse international and national conditions, the economic welfare of the Western farmer is entitled to federal support even at the risk of loss to the Dominion Treasury. We wish, however, that the Dominion Government had been able to guarantee a higher price."

TOWN AND DISTRICT

Rev. J. N. Wilkinson is leaving this week for a month's meeting of the Board of Governors of the Anglican Church which meets in Toronto on September 10th, and will also be present at the meeting of General Council which opens on Sept 21st.

Duncan Clark of the staff of the Blackfoot Review at Cluny has been quite ill. But it is reported he is improving nicely.

The members of St. Victor's church are holding a Trunkola on Friday, September 22nd. Hirtle's orchestra will be in attendance.

Normal School annual school fete will take place in the Community Hall. The following schools will take part: Aiston, Shamrock, Living Springs, Cluny and Gleichen schools.

Marjorie Birch is open for a few pupils in practical piano forte, musical rudiments, and advanced theory.

Mrs. J. O. Bogart is the only one in these parts that we have heard of who is picking strawberries at the present time. Just as by the time of berries still on the stems will be able to harvest quite a few yet before the season finishes.

While we were off a tree fell and the timber is being cut along the sharp edge of the axe down on his thumb which by some miracle was not cut off as the ax was very sharp. Several stitches were required to close the wound.

No longer will it be necessary to fumble for the lock before entering the house on a dark night. A leading lock designer has introduced to the market a lock ringed with a clear plastic material which is heat resistant and according to a writer, the inner side of the ring is coated with a luminous compound which provides darkest night.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Harvest Thanksgiving service at 11 a.m.

Rev. G. W. Lang, B.A. (Incumbent).

Please note that we are holding our annual Thanksgiving Service on Sunday and the church will be decorated with flowers, fruit and vegetables. There will be special harvest music.

You are requested to be generous in your giving towards the church decorations and the Rector would like to see every seat filled at this service.

CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE—Hip-roofed barn 18x24, height 20 feet. \$125.00. Apply to W. Schutzemeister.

29

FOR SALE—Circulating heater, pipes and stand. Used only one month. Good bargain. Apply A. J. O. Geer, Bank of Commerce.

594

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Featuring
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Alec Walbrook
THURSDAY 8:30 P.M.
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From United Grain Growers' terminal at Port Arthur to that at Vancouver is over 1,800 miles. It is over a thousand miles in a straight line from the most easterly of the Company's elevators to the most westerly one. Its most southerly elevator is 500 miles further south than its most northerly elevator. It is a vast area which is served by this farmers' company. Because of the great area served, it has resources, equipment, organization and information enabling it to give every possible protection to the interests of its farmer customers.

Organized by farmers, owned by farmers, controlled by farmers, this Company's essential purpose is now, as it has always been, to be of service to farmers. The experience of farmers throughout the vast area served proves that this purpose has been carried out throughout the Company's history of more than thirty years.

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148
Positions Were
Filled by Our Graduates
in 1938
IN CALGARY



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Garbutt College in Calgary has the distinction of having the Canadian Professional Champion Typist—Miss Gladys E. Mandley—for Typing Instructor. The only Business College in Canada. Employing a Champion Instructor.

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